

PAROLE INFORMATIONAL GUIDE

GUÍA INFORMATIVA SOBRE PAROLE

(LIBERTAD CONDICIONAL)



Parole Litigation FAQ for Detained Individuals and Their Support Networks

On May 30, 2019, the Southern Poverty Law Center (SPLC) & the American Civil Liberties Union (ACLU) filed a lawsuit against the Department of Homeland Security (DHS) in U.S. District Court. The lawsuit alleged that the New Orleans Immigration and Customs Enforcement (ICE) Field Office is denying eligible asylum seekers a fair consideration for parole, which is a type of conditional liberty. On September 5, 2019, Judge James E. Boasberg granted Motions for Class Certification and Preliminary Injunction in the case Heredia Mons, et al. v. McAleenan et al. (DHS). Many people are left with questions about what this decision means and how it may affect the cases of individuals detained by the New Orleans ICE Field Office.

1. What does the Judge's decision on September 5, 2019 mean?

Preliminary Injunction. An injunction is an order from a judge forcing a party to a case to take certain actions or refrain from taking certain actions. In this case, the federal judge ordered the New Orleans ICE Field Office to follow certain procedures when they make decisions about class members' requests for parole. First, they must give people notice of their right to seek parole in a language they understand. Second, they must give people an opportunity to submit evidence in support of parole requests. Third, they must consider that evidence in light of three key factors in deciding whether to grant parole. The factors are:

- a. *Identity.* Has the person showed to ICE's satisfaction that they are who they say they are?
- b. *Flight Risk.* Has the person showed that if released, they will comply with their obligation to attend all court hearings in their immigration case?
- c. *Danger to Community.* Has the person showed they do not pose a danger to the community?

Class Certification. When a judge certifies a class, that means that his or her decisions in the case apply not only to the plaintiffs named in the suit, but also to all class members. This tool enables lawsuits to benefit greater numbers of people subject to the same harms suffered by the plaintiffs. Here, the judge provisionally certified a class for the purpose of applying the preliminary injunction, meaning that all class members are eligible for parole determinations following the rules set out above. The judge allowed SPLC and the ACLU of Louisiana to represent all class members for the purposes of this suit. **That does not mean that we represent every class member in their individual parole application; we do not.**

2. Who is part of the class? Who is eligible for potential relief under this lawsuit?

The class is composed of individuals who meet the following requirements:

- a. Currently in the custody of the New Orleans ICE Field Office, meaning they are detained by ICE in Louisiana, Mississippi, Alabama, Arkansas, or Tennessee
- b. Became detained immediately after presenting themselves at a port of entry at the U.S. border and asking for asylum¹
- c. Passed a credible fear interview **AND**
- d. Do not have a final order of removal

3. What about detained individuals who had their appeals denied by the Board of Immigration Appeals (BIA); does this lawsuit help them?

Unfortunately, individuals whose appeals were denied by the BIA are not included in the class subject to very limited exceptions. Therefore, the judge's orders do not apply to them.

If a person chooses to appeal their asylum denial to the BIA, the BIA may sustain the appeal, passing it back to the Immigration Judge, or may deny the appeal.

If the BIA sustains the appeal, they remain eligible for parole so long as they continue to be in custody.

If the BIA denies the appeal, that person has a final removal order and may be deported from the United States.

If, however, a person is still in the process of appealing their asylum decision to the BIA and has not yet received a response from the BIA, their order of removal is not final, and they may apply for parole. Please note that ICE may consider the initial denial by an immigration judge to increase their risk of flight.

4. How can we stop my loved one's deportation after the BIA denies their appeal?

You may appeal the BIA's decision to a U.S. Circuit Court of Appeals via a Petition for Review, and seek a stay of removal from the Circuit Court. In some circuits, a temporary stay of removal is automatic; this may require further argument to the court as to why the stay should continue. Please know that stays are hard to win. If the Circuit Court denies the stay, and your loved one is deported, their appeal may remain pending even after they are deported.

You may seek a stay of removal from ICE using Form I-246. You may be required to present your passport or other travel document.

You may ask the BIA to reconsider its decision within 30 days of its decision if you believe the BIA misapplied the law. This will not carry an automatic stay of removal. You may file a stay motion with the BIA.

You may be eligible to ask the BIA or the immigration court to reopen the case within 90 days of the BIA's decision. Not every case is eligible for reopening; generally, a case may be eligible for reopening if (a) there has been a material change in the country conditions such that the respondent is now eligible for asylum, (b) the respondent received ineffective assistance of counsel, and did certain things to document and notify the attorney; (c) changes after the removal order, either in the respondent's case or in the law, mean that the respondent is no longer removable in the way the government charged on the NTA; and (d) a battered spouse seeks certain forms of relief. Only in very limited circumstances does this result in an automatic stay of removal. A person may file a stay motion with either the immigration court or the BIA.

For more information about motions to reconsider and motions to reopen, you may visit:
http://cdn.ca9.uscourts.gov/datastore/uploads/immigration/immig_west/C.pdf

https://www.americanimmigrationcouncil.org/sites/default/files/practice_advisory/the_basics_of_motions_to_reopen_eoir-issued_removal_orders_practice_advisory.pdf

Please be aware that a failure to cooperate in the deportation process can result in criminal prosecution.

5. Why can't the lawsuit be amended to include the rest of the people who remain detained without due process but are not in the class?

We recognize that the relief that seek through this class action lawsuit is limited to persons who qualify for parole under the 2009 Parole Directive, and that there are many people who are confined against their will and deserve a chance for release, but are not part of the class in this lawsuit.

The relief in this case is limited. Some of those limitations have to do with the way the government has designed the immigration laws. The government confines people subject to several different laws and rules that apply at different stages of people's immigration cases. Specifically, different laws and rules govern detention for persons before and after they receive a final order of removal. The rule enforced in this case is the 2009 Parole Directive, a rule that Homeland Security created to apply only to certain people. The government has long taken the position that people with final orders of removal do not qualify for release on parole under the 2009 Parole Directive.

We share in your sadness that not everyone is now eligible for relief under our lawsuit. We hope, however, that you too share in our belief that it is better to help some than none, and that the fight for justice for your detained loved ones certainly does not end here.

6. If I apply for parole now, will I get it?

The New Orleans ICE Field Office now has a court order to adjudicate parole decisions as written in their own 2009 Parole Directive. Though we hope they comprehend the seriousness and severity of the court order, we cannot predict just how ICE will respond. Even if ICE does begin to adjudicate parole decisions, we cannot know how many individuals will be released on parole.

7. If I already requested parole, do I need to submit a new application?

The plaintiffs' position is that the New Orleans ICE Field Office is responsible for re-adjudicating any past parole requests. However, because we do not know exactly how ICE is going to approach this process, you may want to resubmit a request for parole.

8. Where can I go for information on how to request parole?

We have developed a resource for persons wanting to prepare parole requests themselves without an attorney. Please see the **attached Parole Guide** or go to our website at <https://www.splcenter.org/our-issues/immigrant-justice/southeast-immigrant-freedom-initiative-en>. If you have any additional questions, you may call our Parole Hotline number at **833-907-1214** from 8:00 am to 4:00 pm, Mondays through Fridays, except holidays.

Preguntas Frecuentes sobre Litigios de Libertad Condisional para Personas Detenidas y sus Redes de Apoyo

El 30 de mayo de 2019, el Centro Legal para la Pobreza del Sur (Southern Poverty Law Center o SPLC, por sus siglas en inglés) y la Unión Estadounidense por las Libertades Civiles (American Civil Liberties Union o ACLU, por sus siglas en inglés), presentaron una demanda contra el Departamento de Seguridad Nacional (Department of Homeland Security o DHS) en el Tribunal del Distrito de los Estados Unidos. La demanda acusa al Servicio de Inmigración y Control de Aduanas (Immigration and Customs Enforcement o ICE), de Nueva Orleans, de negarle a los solicitantes de asilo elegibles para una consideración justa de libertad bajo palabra, que es un tipo de libertad condicional. El 5 de septiembre de 2019, el Juez James E. Boasberg concedió la Petición para Certificación Colectiva y Requerimiento Judicial Preliminar en el caso de Heredia Mons, y otros, en contra de McAleenan, y otros (DHS). Muchas personas se quedan con preguntas sobre lo que significa esta decisión y cómo puede afectar los casos de individuos detenidos por la Oficina del ICE en Nueva Orleans.

1. ¿Qué significa la decisión del juez del 5 de septiembre de 2019?

Requerimiento Judicial Preliminar. Una orden judicial es una orden de un juez que obliga a una de las partes de una demanda a que realice ciertas acciones o se abstenga de realizar ciertas acciones. En este caso, el juez federal le ordenó a la Oficina del ICE de Nueva Orleans a que siga ciertos procedimientos cuando tomen decisiones sobre las solicitudes de libertad condicional de los miembros de la demanda colectiva. En primer lugar, deben notificarles a las personas del derecho que tienen a solicitar la libertad condicional en un idioma que entiendan. En segundo lugar, deben darles a las personas la oportunidad de presentar pruebas que apoyen las solicitudes de libertad condicional. En tercer lugar, deben considerar esas pruebas teniendo en cuenta tres elementos fundamentales a la hora de decidir si le conceden la libertad condicional. Los elementos son:

- a. *Identidad.* ¿Ha demostrado la persona, a satisfacción del ICE, que es quien dice ser?
- b. *Riesgo de fuga.* ¿Ha demostrado la persona que si es liberada, cumplirá con su obligación de asistir a todas las audiencias de la corte en su caso de inmigración?
- c. *Peligro para la comunidad.* ¿Ha demostrado la persona que no representan un peligro para la comunidad?

Certificación colectiva. Cuando un juez certifica una demanda colectiva, significa que sus decisiones en el caso se aplican no solo a los demandantes nombrados en la demanda, sino también a todos los miembros de la demanda colectiva. Esta herramienta permite que las demandas beneficien a un mayor número de personas sujetas a los mismos daños sufridos por los demandantes. En este caso, el juez certificó provisionalmente una demanda colectiva con el propósito de aplicar la orden judicial preliminar, lo que significa que todos los miembros de la demanda colectiva son elegibles para determinaciones de libertad condicional de acuerdo con las reglas establecidas anteriormente. El juez permitió que el SPLC y la ACLU de Louisiana representaran a todos los miembros de la demanda colectiva para los propósitos de este juicio. **Eso no significa que representemos a cada uno de los miembros de la demanda colectiva en su solicitud individual de libertad condicional; no lo hacemos.**

2. ¿Quién es parte de la demanda colectiva? ¿Quién es elegible para una posible libertad bajo esta demanda?

La demanda colectiva está compuesta de personas que cumplen con los siguientes requisitos:

- a. Actualmente se encuentran bajo la custodia de la Oficina del ICE en Nueva Orleans, lo que significa que están detenidos por el ICE en Louisiana, Mississippi, Alabama, Arkansas o Tennessee
- b. Fue detenido inmediatamente después de presentarse en un puerto de entrada en la frontera de los Estados Unidos y solicitar asilo¹
- c. Pasó una entrevista de temor creíble Y
- d. No tiene una orden final de deportación.

3. ¿Qué pasa con las personas detenidas a quienes la Junta de Apelaciones de Inmigración (BIA), les negó sus apelaciones? ¿Esta demanda les ayuda?

Desafortunadamente, las personas cuyas apelaciones fueron negadas por la BIA no están incluidas en la demanda colectiva sujeta a excepciones muy limitadas. Por lo tanto, las órdenes del juez no aplican para ellos.

Si una persona decide apelar su negación de asilo a la BIA, la BIA puede sostener la apelación, pasándola de nuevo al Juez de Inmigración, o puede denegar la apelación.

Si la BIA sostiene la apelación, siguen siendo elegibles para la libertad condicional siempre y cuando continúen bajo custodia.

Si la BIA les niega la apelación, esa persona tiene una orden de deportación definitiva y puede ser deportada de los Estados Unidos.

Sin embargo, si una persona todavía está en el proceso de apelar la decisión de asilo ante la BIA y todavía no ha recibido una respuesta de parte de la BIA, su orden de deportación no es definitiva y puede solicitar la libertad condicional. Tenga en cuenta que el ICE puede considerar su negación inicial por parte de un juez de inmigración para aumentar su riesgo de fuga.

4. ¿Cómo podemos detener la deportación de mi ser querido después de que la BIA le negó su apelación?

Usted puede apelar la decisión de la BIA ante el Tribunal de Apelaciones de Circuito de los EE. UU. (United States Court of Appeals) a través de una Petición de revisión, y solicitar una suspensión de la deportación en el Tribunal de Circuito (Circuit Court). En algunos circuitos, la suspensión temporal de la deportación es automática; esto puede requerir más argumentos ante el tribunal sobre por qué la suspensión debería continuar. Por favor, tenga en cuenta que las suspensiones son difíciles de ganar. Si el Tribunal de Circuito le niega la suspensión de deportación y su ser querido es deportado, su apelación puede permanecer como pendiente incluso después de haber sido deportado.

Usted puede solicitar una suspensión de deportación por parte del ICE utilizando el Formulario I-246. Es posible que se le pida que presente su pasaporte u otro documento de viaje.

Usted puede pedirle a la BIA que reconsidera su decisión dentro de los 30 días de tomar la decisión si cree que la BIA aplicó mal la ley. Esto no significa una suspensión automática de la deportación. Usted puede presentar una petición de suspensión de deportación ante la BIA.

Usted puede ser elegible para pedirle a la BIA o a la corte de inmigración que reabra el caso dentro de los 90 días de la decisión de la BIA. No todos los casos son elegibles para volverlos a abrir; por lo general, un caso puede ser elegible para volverlo a abrir si: (a) ha habido un cambio material en las condiciones del país de tal manera que el demandado es ahora elegible para el asilo, (b) el demandado recibió asistencia ineficiente de un abogado, e hizo ciertas cosas para documentar y notificar al abogado; (c) cambios después de la orden de deportación, ya sea en el caso del demandado o en la ley, significa que el demandado ya no puede ser deportado en la forma en que el gobierno lo acusó en la NTA; y (d) un cónyuge maltratado busca ciertas formas de reparación de daños. Solo en circunstancias muy limitadas se produce una suspensión automática de la deportación. Una persona puede presentar una petición de suspensión ya sea en la corte de inmigración o en la BIA.

Para más información sobre las peticiones para reconsiderar y las peticiones para reabrir casos, puede visitar: http://cdn.ca9.uscourts.gov/datastore/uploads/immigration/immig_west/C.pdf
https://www.americanimmigrationcouncil.org/sites/default/files/practice_advisory/the_basics_of_motions_to_reopen_eoir-issued_removal_orders_practice_advisory.pdf

Tenga en cuenta que la falta de cooperación en el proceso de deportación puede resultar en un proceso penal.

5. ¿Por qué no se puede modificar la demanda para incluir al resto de las personas que permanecen detenidas sin el debido proceso pero que no están en la demanda colectiva?

Estamos conscientes de que la solución que se busca a través de esta demanda colectiva se limita a las personas que califican para la libertad condicional bajo la Directiva de Libertad Condicional de 2009, y que hay muchas personas que están detenidas en contra de su voluntad y merecen la oportunidad de ser liberadas, pero que no forman parte de la demanda colectiva en este juicio.

La ayuda en este caso es limitada. Algunas de esas limitaciones tienen que ver con la forma en que el gobierno ha diseñado las leyes de inmigración. El gobierno detiene a personas sujetas a varias leyes y normas diferentes que se aplican en las diferentes etapas de los casos de inmigración de cada persona. Específicamente, diferentes leyes y normas rigen la detención de personas antes y después de que reciban una orden final de deportación. La ley que se aplica en este caso es la Directiva de Libertad Condicional de 2009, una ley que el Departamento de Seguridad Nacional creó para que se aplique solo a ciertas personas. El gobierno ha tomado desde hace mucho tiempo la posición de que las personas con órdenes finales de deportación no califican para ser puestas en libertad condicional bajo la Directiva de Libertad Condicional de 2009.

Compartimos su tristeza por el hecho de que no todos sean elegibles para recibir ayuda bajo nuestra demanda. Esperamos, sin embargo, que usted también comparta nuestra convicción de que es mejor ayudar a algunos que a ninguno, y que la lucha por la justicia para sus seres queridos detenidos definitivamente no termina aquí.

6. Si solicito la libertad condicional ahora, ¿me la darán?

La Oficina del ICE de Nueva Orleans ahora tiene una orden judicial para dictaminar decisiones de libertad condicional como está escrito en su propia Directiva de Libertad Condicional del 2009. Aunque esperamos que comprendan la seriedad y severidad de la orden judicial, no podemos predecir cómo responderá el ICE. Incluso si el ICE comienza a dictaminar decisiones de libertad condicional, no podemos saber cuántas personas serán puestas en libertad condicional.

7. Si ya solicité la libertad condicional, ¿necesito presentar una nueva solicitud?

La posición de los demandantes es que la Oficina del ICE en Nueva Orleans es responsable de volver a dictaminar sobre cualquier solicitud de libertad condicional en el pasado. Sin embargo, debido a que no sabemos exactamente cómo el ICE realizará este proceso, puede que usted quiera volver a presentar una solicitud de libertad condicional.

8. ¿Dónde puedo obtener información sobre cómo solicitar la libertad condicional?

Hemos desarrollado una guía para personas que desean preparar solicitudes de libertad condicional por sí mismas sin un abogado. Favor de ver la **Guía Adjunta de Libertad Condicional** o de ir a nuestra página web: <https://www.splcenter.org/our-issues/immigrant-justice/southeast-immigrant-freedom-initiative-es>. Si tiene preguntas adicionales, puede llamar a nuestra Línea de Ayuda al número **833-907-1214** de las 8:00am a las 4:00pm, de lunes a viernes, excepto días festivos.

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Instructions for requesting parole

Step 1. Find your sponsor.

Who can be my sponsor?

Your sponsor is a person who agrees to take responsibility for you throughout the process of your immigration case. This person will attest to ICE, in writing, that: (1) it will give you a home to live once you leave detention (2) it will give you financial support (3) it will ensure that you go to your court hearings.

Does my sponsor have to be my relative?

Not necessarily. The rules do not require sponsors to be relatives of people who apply for parole. However, experience shows us that ICE considers it more favorable if the sponsors are familiar. If you do not have a family member who is willing to be your sponsor, do not give up. Consider other options, such as faith organizations, support for immigrants, or solidarity with compatriots in your country.

Does my sponsor have to be a citizen or permanent resident of the U.S.?

There is no written rule that requires it. However, experience teaches us that ICE rarely approves parole for someone if their sponsor is not a citizen or permanent resident of the U.S. So do your best to locate a sponsor that is a citizen or resident.

Step 2. Collaborate with your sponsor to prepare a letter of support.

What is the purpose of the support letter?

The letter of support is your opportunity to show ICE that your sponsor will honor promises to give you a home, support you financially, and make sure that you will go to all your hearings in immigration court until your court case is over.

What does my sponsor's letter of support have to say?

Your sponsor's letter of support must contain the following elements:

1. Data on sponsor

- full name of sponsor
- physical address of sponsor
- sponsor phone number
- sponsor immigration status (preferably permanent resident or U.S. citizen)

2. Your information

- your full name
- your A number
- your country of origin

3. Explanation of how you and your sponsor know each other

- what relationship do you have (for example, married, parent / child, cousins, friends, or met through a migrant support organization)
- how long you've known each other
- anecdotes that show how your sponsor knows your character or how close your relationship is

4. Written commitments of sponsor

- promise that if you go on parole, you will live at the address indicated with your sponsor
- promise that the sponsor is willing to support you financially during your immigration case

Step 3. Get all the necessary documents.

You will need documents that establish several things: your identity, that you are not going to escape if they let you out on parole, and that you are not a danger to the community.

Identity documents

There are several documents that you can include in your application to establish your identity. See the list of documents in the section of this guide entitled, "Parole Checklist, Documents that can prove identity."

Documentation that you are not a risk of flight.

These documents will come mainly from your sponsor. In addition to your sponsor's letter, you will need:

1. Proof of your sponsor's residential address. Make sure that any document you are going to use contains the name and residential address of your sponsor. Examples:

- phone bill
- utility bill
- mortgage or lease

2. Proof of immigration status of your sponsor. Examples:

- copy of permanent resident card (green card)
- copy of U.S. passport

Documentation that you are not a danger to the community.

Do you have a criminal record in your home country?

- No → try to get a certification of no criminal record from the government of that country
- Yes → include evidence that you served any sentence that was imposed, you were rehabilitated, and / or the accusation was motivated by political reasons connected to your persecution. See the list of documents in the section of this guide entitled, "Parole Checklist, Documents That Can Prove You Are Not a Danger to the Community."

Step 4. Translate any document that is not in English.

For any document that is not in English, include the document in the original language, plus two things:

1. A translation of the document into English
2. A translation certificate

The translation certificate should read as follows:

Certificate of Translation

I, _____, hereby state that I am fluent in the English and _____ languages, and am competent to translate from _____ to English, and that I have translated the foregoing document fully and accurately to the best of my abilities.

Signed: _____

Dated: _____

Step 5. Make a final review of your application.

Make sure you have met all the requirements. Use the section of this guide titled, "Parole Checklist," to verify that you have followed all the steps.

Step 6. Send the document.

You or your sponsor can send the request.

If your sponsor sends it, ask them to use a mail service that certifies the receipt of the shipment.

No matter who sends it, try to make a copy of your complete application before sending it and keep it in your files.

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Instrucciones para solicitar libertad condicional

Paso 1. Encuentre su patrocinadorx.

¿Quién puede ser mi patrocinadorx?

Su patrocinadorx es una persona que se compromete a hacerse responsable por ti durante todo el proceso de tu caso de inmigración. Esta persona dará fe a ICE, por escrito, que: (1) te dará un hogar dónde vivir una vez salgas de detención (2) te dará apoyo económico (3) se asegurará que vayas a tus audiencias de corte.

Mi patrocinadorx, ¿tiene que ser mi familiar?

No necesariamente. Las normas no requieren que patrocinadorxs sean familiares de las personas que solicitan libertad condicional. Sin embargo, la experiencia nos enseña que ICE lo considera más favorable si lxs patrocinadoxs son familiares. Si no tienes un familiar que esté dispuesto a ser su patrocinadorx, no te des por vencidx. Considera otras opciones, como organizaciones de fé, de apoyo a inmigrantes, o de solidaridad con compatriotas de tu país.

Mi patrocinadorx, ¿tiene que ser ciudadano o residente permanente de los E.E.U.U.?

No existe ninguna regla escrita que lo requiera. Sin embargo, la experiencia nos enseña que ICE rara vez aprueba libertad condicional para alguien si su patrocinadorx no es ciudadano o residente permanente de los E.E.U.U. Así que haga todo lo posible por localizar unx patrocinadorx que sea ciudadano o residente.

Paso 2. Colabora con tu patrocinadorx para preparar una carta de apoyo.

¿Cuál es el propósito de la carta de apoyo?

La carta de apoyo es tu oportunidad para mostrarle a ICE que tu patrocinadorx cumplirá con las promesas de darte un hogar, apoyarte económicamente, y asegurarse que irás a todas tus vistas en la corte de inmigración hasta que tu caso ante la corte termine.

¿Qué tiene que decir la carta de apoyo de mi patrocinadorx?

La carta de apoyo de tu patrocinadorx debe contener los siguientes elementos:

1. Datos sobre patrocinadorx

- nombre completo de patrocinadorx
- dirección física de patrocinadorx
- número de teléfono de patrocinadorx
- estatus migratorio de patrocinadorx (preferiblemente residente permanente o ciudadano E.E.U.U.)

2. Datos tuyos

- tu nombre completo
- tu número A
- tu país de origen

3. Explicación de cómo tú y tu patrocinadorx se conocen

- qué relación tienen (por ejemplo, casadxs, padre/hijx, primxs, amigxs, o se conocieron a través de organización de apoyo a migrantes)
- cuánto tiempo se conocen
- anécdotas que muestren cómo tu patrocinadorx conoce tu carácter o cuan estrecha es tu relación

4. Compromisos por escrito de patrocinadorx

- promesa que si sales bajo libertad condicional, vivirás en la dirección indicada con tu patrocinadorx
- promesa que el/la patrocinadorx está dispuestx a apoyarlo económicamente durante su caso de inmigración

Paso 3. Consiga todos los documentos necesarios.

Vas a necesitar documentos que establezcan varias cosas: tu identidad, que no te vas a fugar si te dejan salir bajo libertad condicional, y que no eres un peligro para la comunidad.

Documentos de identidad.

Hay varios documentos que puedes incluir en tu solicitud para establecer tu identidad. Consulte la lista de documentos en la sección de este guía titulado, “Lista de Verificación de Libertad Condicional, Documentos que pueden demostrar identidad.”

Documentación que no eres riesgo de fuga.

Estos documentos vendrán principalmente de tu patrocinadorx. Además de la carta de tu patrocinadorx, necesitarás:

1. *Comprobante de la dirección residencial de tu patrocinadorx.* Asegúrate que cualquier documento que vayas a usar contenga el nombre y la dirección residencial de tu patrocinadorx. Ejemplos:
 - factura de teléfono
 - factura de servicios públicos
 - hipoteca o contrato de arrendamiento
2. *Comprobante de estatus migratorio de tu patrocinadorx.* Ejemplos:
 - copia de tarjeta de residente permanente (green card)
 - copia pasaporte estadounidense

Documentación de que no eres un peligro para la comunidad.

¿Tienes antecedentes penales en tu país de origen?

- No → trata de conseguir una certificación de no antecedentes penales del gobierno de ese país
- Sí → incluya evidencia de que cumplió cualquier sentencia que fue impuesta, que se rehabilitó, y/o que la acusación fue motivada por razones políticas conectadas a tu persecución. Consulte la lista de documentos en la sección de este guía titulado, “Lista de Verificación de Libertad Condicional, Documentos que Pueden Demostrar que no eres un Peligro para la Comunidad.”

Paso 4. Traduzca todo documento que no esté en inglés.

Para cualquier documento que no esté en inglés, incluye el documento en el idioma original, más dos cosas:

1. *Una traducción del documento al inglés*
2. *Un certificado de traducción*

El certificado de traducción debe decir así:

Certificate of Translation

I, _____, hereby state that I am fluent in the English and _____ languages, and am competent to translate from _____ to English, and that I have translated the foregoing document fully and accurately to the best of my abilities.

Signed: _____

Dated: _____

Paso 5. Haz un repaso final de tu solicitud.

Asegúrate que has cumplido con todos los requisitos. Usa la sección de este guía titulado, “Lista de Verificación de Libertad Condicional,” para comprobar que has seguido todos los pasos.

Paso 6. Envía el documento.

Tú o tu patrocinadorx puede enviar la solicitud.

Si tu patrocinadorx la envía, pídele que utilice un servicio del correo que certifique el recibo del envío.

No importa quien la envíe, trata de hacer una copia de tu solicitud completa antes de enviarla y guárdala en tus archivos.

Parole Checklist

1. Documents that May Prove Identity

- Passport
 - Your original valid passport OR
 - Copy of your passport AND one or more of the other identity documents listed here
- National ID Card
 - Your original, valid national ID card OR
 - Copy of your national ID card AND one or more of the other identity documents listed here
- Birth Certificate
 - Your original birth certificate AND one or more of the other identity documents listed here
 - Copy of your birth certificate AND one or more of the other identity documents listed here
- Affidavit (Letter) from a Person Who Can Confirm Your Identity
 - Must include your full name, your date of birth, your nine-digit A-number, and your country of origin
 - Must be signed by a lawful permanent resident (green card holder) or citizen of USA. Also, must include a copy of the person's passport or green card
 - Must include the person's full name and her/his address and phone number(s)
 - Must state how and for how long he or she has known you

2. Documents that May Prove that You are Not a Flight Risk

- Affidavit (Letter) from a Person or Community Organization Who Will Support You
 - Must include your full name, your date of birth, your nine-digit A-number, and your country of origin
 - Must include the person's/organization's full name and her/his address and phone number(s)
 - Must be signed by a lawful permanent resident (green card holder) or citizen of USA. Also, must include a copy of the person's passport or green card
 - Must state that you will reside at the address listed and that the person/organization is willing to support you – for example, provide you housing and food – while you are in immigration proceedings
 - Must include a copy of a utility or telephone bill, with the person's/organization's name and current address matching the address of residence included in the affidavit
 - Can include details of any other ties that you have to where you will live (other family, friends, etc)
 - Can include anecdotes that demonstrate your relationship to the person and your strong moral character
- In addition to the Affidavit of Sponsorship, you may also submit
 - Letters from others in the community, showing their support. Note: must include the writer's name, address, contact information, and immigration status
 - Documentation of any legal, medical or social services you will receive upon release

3. Documents that May Prove that You are Not a Danger to the Community

- A certificate of a clean criminal record in your home country and any other countries in which you have resided.
- A copy of a certificate of a clean criminal record in your home country and any other countries in which you have resided.
- Evidence of acquittal or dismissal of any criminal charges
- Certificates for rehabilitation classes or evidence of other positive accomplishments (completion of a degree or training, long-term employment, volunteer activities, activities with your place of worship)
- Affidavit attesting to your clean criminal record
 - Must include your full name, your date of birth, your nine-digit A-number, and your country of origin
 - Must be signed by you
- Affidavit attesting to your rehabilitation
 - Must include your full name, your date of birth, your nine-digit A-number, and your country of origin
 - Must be signed by a lawful permanent resident (green card holder) or citizen of the USA. Also, must include a copy of her/his passport or green card
 - Must include the person's full name and her/his address and phone number(s)
 - Must state how and for how long he or she has known you
 - Must explain why she/he believes that you have been rehabilitated

Tips

1. If your identification was confiscated by immigration officials, consider mentioning which documents are in the possession of the government in the letter of support.
2. If any letters of support can be notarized, it is best to do so. Consider asking at your local bank or post office or paying a notary.
3. Make sure to translate any documents that are not in English, and provide both the original and translated versions.
4. You can be creative! If you have other documents, letters, or certificates that you feel help prove your identity and that you do not pose a flight risk or public safety risk, you can include them.
5. It is important that you and the person(s) supporting you understand the contents of your parole request. You should be called for an interview with an ICE agent, and the person supporting you may be called to confirm information from the Affidavit of Support.
6. You may wish to submit a cover page that briefly explains the request and lists the documents you have included in the request. We have included an example in this packet.
7. Attached you will find a packet of sample documents to give you an idea of how to compile a parole request. Please remember that these are only samples. These documents should not be submitted to ICE in your parole request, and you should not copy any of the letters verbatim. This is a personal process and each case is unique.

Lista de Verificación de Libertad Condicional

1. Documentos que Pueden Demostrar Identidad

- Pasaporte
 - Su pasaporte válido original O
 - Copia de su pasaporte Y uno o más de los otros documentos de identidad listados aquí
- Tarjeta de identificación nacional
 - Su tarjeta de identificación nacional original válida
 - Copia de su tarjeta de identificación nacional Y uno o más de los otros documentos de identidad enumerados aquí
- Certificado de nacimiento
 - Su certificado de nacimiento original Y uno o más de los otros documentos de identidad listados aquí
 - Copia de su certificado de nacimiento Y uno o más de los otros documentos de identidad enumerados aquí
- Declaración jurada (carta) de una persona que puede confirmar su identidad
 - Debe incluir su nombre completo, su fecha de nacimiento, su número A de nueve dígitos y su país de origen.
 - Debe estar firmado por un residente legal permanente (titular de la tarjeta verde) o ciudadano de los Estados Unidos. También, debe incluir una copia del pasaporte o la tarjeta verde de la persona
 - Debe incluir el nombre completo de la persona y su dirección y número (s) de teléfono
 - Debe indicar cómo y por cuánto tiempo te ha conocido

2. Documentos que Pueden Demostrar que usted No es un Riesgo de Vuelo

- Declaración jurada (carta) de una persona o organización comunitaria que lo respaldará
 - Debe incluir su nombre completo, su fecha de nacimiento, su número A de nueve dígitos y su país de origen.
 - Debe incluir el nombre completo de la persona / organización y su dirección y número (s) de teléfono
 - Debe estar firmado por un residente legal permanente (titular de la tarjeta verde) o ciudadano de los Estados Unidos. También debe incluir una copia del pasaporte o la tarjeta verde de la persona
 - Debe indicar que residirá en la dirección indicada y que la persona / organización está dispuesta a apoyarlo, por ejemplo, proporcionarle vivienda y comida, mientras se encuentra en un proceso de inmigración.
 - Debe incluir una copia de una factura de servicios públicos o de teléfono, con el nombre de la persona / organización y la dirección actual que coincidan con la dirección de residencia incluida en la declaración jurada
 - Puede incluir detalles de cualquier otra relación que tenga con el lugar donde vivirá (otra familia, amigos, etc.)
 - Puede incluir anécdotas/historias que demuestran su relación con la persona y su buen carácter moral
- Además de la Declaración Jurada de Patrocinio, también puede enviar
 - Cartas de otros en la comunidad, mostrando su apoyo. Nota: debe incluir el nombre del escritor, dirección, información de contacto y estado migratorio

- Documentación de cualquier servicio legal, médico o social que recibirá después de la liberación del centro de detención

3. Documentos que Pueden Demostrar que no eres un Peligro para la Comunidad

- Un certificado de ningún antecedente penal previo (antecedentes penales limpio) de su país de origen y de cualquier otro país en donde usted ha vivido
- Una copia de ningún antecedente penal previo (antecedentes penales limpio) de su país de origen y de cualquier otro país en donde usted ha vivido
- Evidencia de absolución o desestimación de cualquier cargo penal
- Certificados para clases de rehabilitación o evidencia de otros logros positivos (completar un título o capacitación, empleo a largo plazo, actividades de voluntariado, actividades con su congregación religiosa)
- Declaración de alguien atestiguando que usted tiene ningún antecedente penal previo
 - Debe incluir su nombre completo, su fecha de nacimiento, su número A de nueve dígitos y su país de origen
- Declaración jurada que acredice su rehabilitación
 - Debe incluir su nombre completo, su fecha de nacimiento, su número A de nueve dígitos y su país de origen.
 - Debe estar firmado por un residente legal permanente (titular de la tarjeta verde) o ciudadano de los EE. UU. También debe incluir una copia de su pasaporte o tarjeta verde.
 - Debe incluir el nombre completo de la persona y su dirección y número (s) de teléfono
 - Debe indicar cómo y por cuánto tiempo te ha conocido
 - Debe explicar por qué él / ella cree que ha sido rehabilitado

Puntos adicionales

1. Si su identificación fue confiscada por oficiales de inmigración, considere mencionar cuales documentos están en la posesión del gobierno en la carta de apoyo.
2. Si alguna carta de apoyo puede ser notarizada, es mejor que este notarizada. Puede considerar ir a su banco comunitario, oficina de correos o pagar un notario.
3. Asegúrese de traducir cualquier documento que no este escrito en inglés, y asegúrese de proveer el documento original y la copia que fue traducida.
4. ¡Puede ser creativo/a! Si tiene otros documentos, cartas o certificados que usted cree que le puede ayudar comprobar su identidad, que usted no es un riesgo de fuga o que usted no es un peligro a la comunidad, sí los puede incluir.
5. Es importante que usted y la persona que lo/la va apoyar entiendan el contenido de su petición de libertad condicional. Usted va recibir una entrevista con un agente de ICE y puede que también la persona quien le escribió una carta de apoyo también reciba una entrevista para confirmar la información en la carta.
6. Puede incluir una portada que brevemente explica su petición y el contenido de documentos usted ha incluido en su petición. Hemos incluido un ejemplo en este paquete.
7. Adjunto encontrará un paquete de documentos de muestra para darle una idea de cómo recolectar una solicitud de libertad condicional. Recuerde que los documentos solo son ejemplos. Estos documentos no deben presentarse a ICE en su solicitud de libertad condicional, y no debe copiar ninguna de las cartas al pie de la letra. Este es un proceso personal y cada caso es único.

SAMPLE DOCUMENTS FOR PAROLE REQUEST

PLEASE DO NOT SUBMIT THE FOLLOWING DOCUMENTS TO ICE. THEY ARE MEANT AS EXAMPLES ONLY TO HELP YOU ENVISION YOUR OWN PAROLE REQUEST.

EJEMPLOS DE DOCUMENTOS PARA UNA SOLICITUD DEL PAROLE

POR FAVOR NO ENTREGUE O COPIE LOS SIGUIENTES DOCUMENTOS AL ICE. SON SOLO EJEMPLOS PARA AYUDARLE IMAGINAR SU PROPIA SOLICITUD DEL PAROLE.

Carta listando los documentos incluidos en la solicitud del parole

[Date/Fecha]

[Address of ICE/Dirrección de ICE]

RE: Parole Request for [name/nombre], A# [ID number/número de ID], DETAINED AT [name of detention center/nombre del centro de detención]

Dear Officer,

I submit to you the following evidence as part of my parole request for your consideration. If released from ICE Custody, I will reside with [name of person I will live with/nombre de la persona con quien vivirá], at [home address/direccion de casa]. He/She (Él/Ella) can be reached at [phone number/número de teléfono].

Enclosed, please find the following documents:

- [List of documents, including letters of support, identity documents, etc. Please see the checklist./Lista de documentos, incluso cartas de apoyo, documentos de identidad, etc. Por favor consulta la lista de verificación]
-
-

Thank you for your prompt attention to this matter.

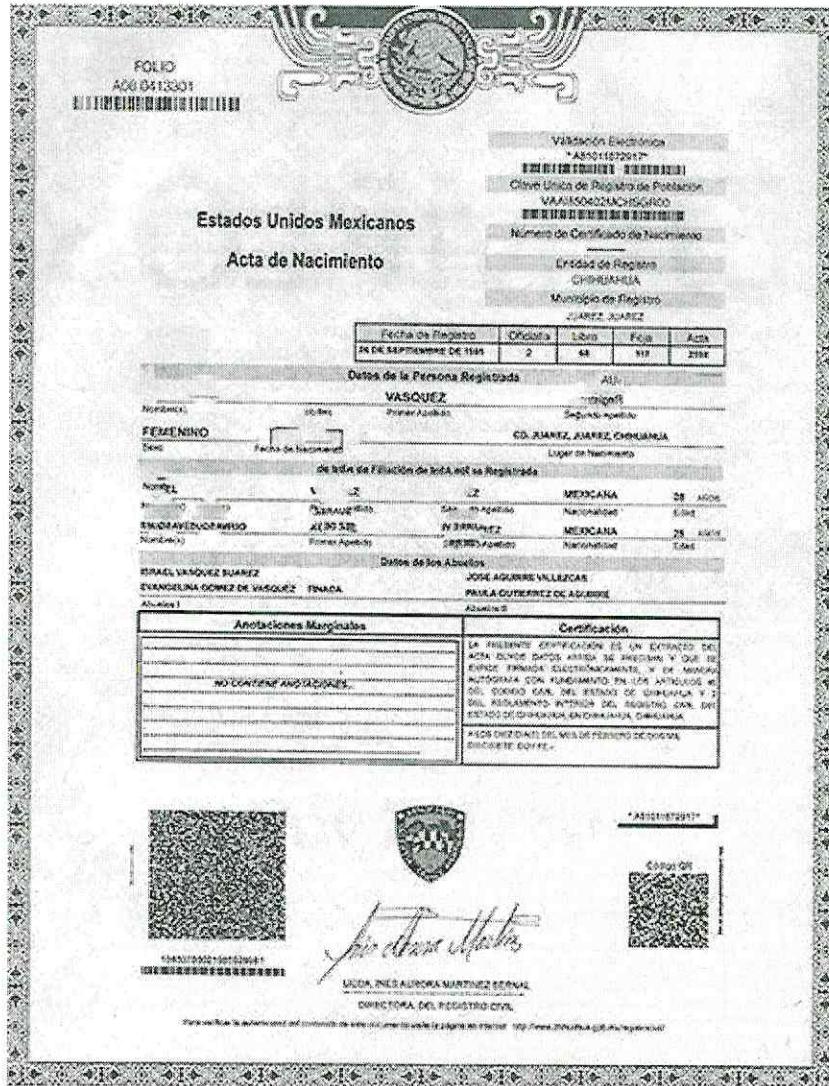
Sincerely,

[signature/firma]

[name/nombre]

1. Identity documents/ Documentos de identidad

Cliente – identificación



2. Letter of Support & Sponsor documents/Carta de apoyo y documentos del patrocinador

Not a flight risk/No es riesgo de fuga

ADVERTENCIA: Estas cartas son ejemplos y de propósito informativo. NO ENVÍE ESTOS FORMULARIOS.

Ejemplo 1

[DIRECCIÓN DEL REMITENTE]

Estimado Oficial del ICE:

Yo, [NOMBRE DEL REMITENTE], respetuosamente solicito que [NOMBRE Y APELLIDO DEL DETENIDO] con A#[xxx-xxx-xxx-xxx] sea liberado de su detención mientras asiste a sus audiencias ante la Corte de Inmigración de Florida.

Soy ciudadana de los Estados Unidos. He vivido en los Estados Unidos toda mi vida y tengo viviendo en mi ciudad y en mi comunidad actual más de 13 años.

Conozco a [NOMBRE Y APELLIDO DEL DETENIDO] desde hace [x] años. Mi novio actual es primo de [DETENIDO] y él nos presentó. He llegado a conocer a [DETENIDO] y siempre lo he visto como una persona amable. Mientras [DETENIDO] ha estado detenido, he hablado con él más de dos o tres veces a la semana.

Si es liberado de su detención, [DETENIDO] vivirá con nosotros en mi casa ubicada en [DIRECCIÓN DEL REMITENTE] y yo apoyaré financieramente a [DETENIDO] con ropa, alimentos y todas sus necesidades, y me aseguraré de proporcionar transporte para todas las audiencias futuras de la corte de inmigración de [DETENIDO].

Le adjunto una copia de mi acta de nacimiento para probar mi estatus migratorio en los Estados Unidos. También le incluyo copia de una factura de electricidad para comprobar la dirección de mi casa y una copia de mis registros financieros para demostrar que puedo apoyar financieramente a [DETENIDO] mientras él lleve su caso de asilo ante la Corte de Inmigración de Florida.

Gracias por su amable consideración a esta solicitud. Por favor, no dude en contactarme directamente si tiene alguna pregunta. Trabajo desde casa y por lo tanto estoy disponible después de las 9 AM EST. Puede comunicarse conmigo al [PHONE NUMBER] NÚMERO DE TELÉFONO. He presentado esta carta, junto con mi licencia de conducir original y el acta de nacimiento que se adjuntan, a un notario público certificado del estado de Florida.

Atentamente,
[NOMBRE COMPLETO DEL REMITENTE]
[FIRMA DEL REMITENTE]

[SELLO DEL NOTARIO]

Ejemplo 1

State of Florida _____
County of Polk

Sworn to (or affirmed) and subscribed on the 17 day
of June, 2019, by [Redacted] of person making statement.

Personally known to me.
 Produced Identification:
Type of Identification Produced Florida Driver Lic.

Notary Signature [Signature]
Title Notary Public
My appointment expires 6/21/2021

June 12, 2019

Dear ICE Official:

I [REDACTED] respectfully request that R [REDACTED] S [REDACTED] P [REDACTED] A# [REDACTED] be released from detention while attending his court hearings before the Immigration Court in Florida.

I am a U.S. citizen. I have lived in the United States for my entire life and have lived in my current city and community for over 13 years.

I have known R [REDACTED] over the course of this past year. My current boyfriend is R [REDACTED]'s cousin and introduced us to each other. I have gotten to know R [REDACTED] and always seen him as a kind man. While R [REDACTED] is in detention, I speak to him over 2 or 3 times per week.

If released from detention, R [REDACTED] will live with us at my home located at [REDACTED]
FL [REDACTED]. I will financially support R [REDACTED] with clothing, food, and all his necessities, and I will ensure that I will provide transportation for all of R [REDACTED]'s future immigration court hearings.

I have attached a copy of my birth certificate to prove my immigration status in the United States. I have also included a copy of an electricity bill to prove the address of my home and a copy of my financial records to show that I can financially support R [REDACTED] while he fights his asylum case before the Florida immigration court.

Thank you for your gracious consideration to this request. Please do not hesitate to contact me directly with any questions. I work from home and thus am available after 9 AM EST. You may contact me at [REDACTED]. I have presented this letter, along with my original Florida driver's license and birth certificate, copies of which are attached to this letter, to a certified notary public of the state of Florida.

Sincerely,



A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Zachary Kaino".

ADVERTENCIA: Estas cartas son ejemplos y de propósito informativo. NO ENVÍE ESTOS FORMULARIOS.

Ejemplo 2, MAL HECHO

¡NO USE FORMULARIOS DE NOTARIO!

APOYO DE DECLARACIÓN JURADA

Yo, [NOMBRE DEL REMITENTE], ciudadano estadounidense identificado con la licencia de conducir de Nueva Jersey [#####] que reside en [DOMICILIO DEL REMITENTE], certifico bajo pena de perjurio que:

Nací el [FECHA DE NACIMIENTO]

Trabajo en: [LUGAR DE EMPLEO] Desde: [FECHA DE INICIO DEL EMPLEO]

Esta declaración jurada se ejecuta en nombre de la siguiente persona:

Nombre: [NOMBRE Y APPELLIDO DEL DETENIDO]

Estado civil: Soltero

Fecha de nacimiento: [FECHA DE NACIMIENTO]

Dirección: [DIRECCIÓN DEL CENTRO DE DETENCIÓN]

Estoy dispuesto y en condiciones de proporcionar apoyo financiero, alojamiento, comida y todos los gastos para la persona en cuyo nombre se ejecuta esta declaración jurada. Esta declaración jurada la hago asegurando que la persona nombrada no se convertirá en una carga pública.

Juramento o Afirmación del Patrocinador

Certifico bajo pena de perjurio bajo la ley del Estado de Nueva Jersey que conozco el contenido de esta declaración jurada firmada por mí y que la declaración es verdadera y correcta.

[FIRMA DEL REMITENTE] [FECHA]

[SELLO DEL NOTARIO]

¡NO USE FORMULARIOS DEL
NOTARIO!

Ejemplo 2, mal hecho

AFFIDAVIT SUPPORT

I [REDACTED] American Citizen, identified by [REDACTED] New Jersey Driver's License [REDACTED]
I was born on [REDACTED] certify under penalty of perjury that:
Work at: [REDACTED] Since: [REDACTED]
and as follows:

This affidavit is executed on behalf of the following person:

Name: [REDACTED]

Marital Status: Single

Relationship to Sponsor: Brother in Law

DOB: [REDACTED]

Address: Stewart Detention Center / 146 CCA Road Lumpkin, G.A, 31815

I am willing and able to provide financial support, room, board and all the expenses for the person on whose behalf this affidavit is executed. This affidavit is made by me assuring that the person named above will not become a public charge.

Oath or Affirmation of Sponsor

I certify under penalty of perjury under New Jersey law that I know the contents of this affidavit signed by me and that statement are true and correct.

08/17/19

Date



YANETH LORA

ID # 2382441

NOTARY PUBLIC

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

My Commission Expires Feb. 17, 2024

STATE OF [REDACTED]

COUNTY OF [REDACTED]

Carta de apoyo - notario - cuñado

ADVERTENCIA: Estas cartas son ejemplos y de propósito informativo. NO ENVÍE ESTOS FORMULARIOS.

Ejemplo 2, CORREGIDO

[FECHA DE LA CARTA]

Immigrations and Customs Enforcement
P.O. Box 248
Lumpkin, GA 31815

Estimado Oficial del ICE:

Yo, [NOMBRE DEL REMITENTE], ciudadano estadounidense identificado con la licencia de conducir del Estado de Nueva Jersey # [##########], certifico que mi cuñado, [NOMBRE Y APELLIDO DEL DETENIDO], es bienvenido a quedarse con mi familia en nuestra casa en Nueva Jersey si se le otorga la libertad condicional. Le aseguro que no se convertirá en un cargo público. Trabajo en [LUGAR DE TRABAJO] desde [FECHA DE INICIO DEL TRABAJO], y estoy dispuesto a proporcionar apoyo financiero, alojamiento, comida y todos los gastos de mantenimiento relacionados con [DETENIDO] mientras él continúa con su caso de asilo.

He estado en una relación con la hermana de [DETENIDO], [NOMBRE DE LA PAREJA], durante tres años. Nos volvimos a reunir el 14 de mayo de 2019, y ahora ella vive con mi familia y conmigo en Nueva Jersey. Nuestra dirección es [DIRECCIÓN DEL REMITENTE].

Junto con mi familia, doy todo mi apoyo a [NOMBRE DE LA PAREJA] y a su hermano en sus casos de asilo. Nos aseguraremos de que [DETENIDO] asista a todos los controles y audiencias del ICE ante la corte.

Adjunto a esta carta mi licencia de conducir y prueba de ciudadanía de los Estados Unidos y me encantaría proporcionarle cualquier otra cosa que pueda necesitar para proceder con esta solicitud.

Gracias por su atención y espero recibir a [DETENIDO] en nuestra casa lo antes posible.
Atentamente,
[NOMBRE DEL REMITENTE]

Ejemplo 2, corregido

August 30, 2019

Immigrations and Customs Enforcement
P.O. Box 248
Lumpkin, GA 31815

Dear ICE official:

I, [REDACTED], American citizen, identified with New Jersey Driver's License #L[REDACTED], certify that my brother-in-law, [REDACTED] [REDACTED], is welcome to stay with my family at our home in New Jersey if released on parole. I assure that he will not become a public charge. I have worked at [REDACTED] since August 13, 2018, and I am willing to provide financial support, room, board, and all related living expenses for [REDACTED] while he proceeds with his asylum case.

I have been in a relationship with [REDACTED]'s sister, [REDACTED], for three years. We were reunited on May 14, 2019, and now she lives with my family and me in New Jersey. Our address is [REDACTED], [REDACTED].

Together with my family, I give my full support to [REDACTED] and her brother in their asylum case. We will assure that [REDACTED] attends all his ICE check-ins and hearings before the court.

I have attached my driver license and proof of U.S. citizenship to this letter and I am happy to provide anything else you may need to proceed with this request.

Thank you for your consideration and I look forward to receiving [REDACTED] into our home as soon as possible.

Sincerely,

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

CERTIFIED TRANSCRIPT OF BIRTH
STATE OF NEW YORK
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH

FULL NAME OF CHILD: [REDACTED]

DATE OF BIRTH: March 12, [REDACTED]

PLACE OF BIRTH: [REDACTED] New York

MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER: [REDACTED]

NAME OF FATHER: [REDACTED]

DATE FILED: March 17, [REDACTED]

STATE FILE NO.: [REDACTED]

This is to certify that the information concerning the birth of the above named person is a true and accurate transcription of the information recorded on the original certificate of birth on file with the New York State Department of Health.

**COPY CONFIDENTIAL
FOR GOVERNMENT USE ONLY**

Peter M. Carucci

Peter M. Carucci
Director, Vital Records Section

DATE June 19, 2002

Do not accept this transcript unless the raised seal of the New York State Department of Health is affixed thereon.

ANY ALTERATION VOIDS THIS TRANSCRIPT



| | | | | | | |
|--|--|--|---|--|--|--|
| Form 1040 | | Department of the Treasury—Internal Revenue Service | (99) | 2018 | OMB No. 1545-0074 | IRS Use Only—Do not write or staple in this space. |
| Filing status: | | <input type="checkbox"/> Single | <input type="checkbox"/> Married filing jointly | <input type="checkbox"/> Married filing separately | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Head of household | <input type="checkbox"/> Qualifying widow(er) |
| Your first name and initial | | Last name | | Your social security number | | |
| Your standard deduction: | | <input type="checkbox"/> Someone can claim you as a dependent | | <input type="checkbox"/> You were born before January 2, 1954 | | <input type="checkbox"/> You are blind |
| If joint return, spouse's first name and initial | | Last name | | Spouse's social security number | | |
| Spouse standard deduction: | | <input type="checkbox"/> Someone can claim your spouse as a dependent | | <input type="checkbox"/> Spouse was born before January 2, 1954 | | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Full-year health care coverage or exempt (see inst.) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Spouse is blind | | <input type="checkbox"/> Spouse itemizes on a separate return or you were dual-status alien | | | | |
| Home address (number and street). If you have a P.O. box, see instructions. | | | | Apt. no. | Presidential Election Campaign (see inst.) | |
| | | | | | <input type="checkbox"/> You | <input type="checkbox"/> Spouse |
| | | | | | If more than four dependents, see inst. and ✓ here. ► <input type="checkbox"/> | |
| Dependents (see instructions): (1) First name | | (2) Social security number | (3) Relationship to you | (4) ✓ if qualifies for (see inst.) Child tax credit Credit for other dependents | | |
| | | | DAUGHTER | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | | |
| | | | SON | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | | |
| | | | | <input type="checkbox"/> | | |
| | | | | <input type="checkbox"/> | | |
| Under penalties of perjury, I declare that I have examined this return and accompanying schedules and statements, and to the best of my knowledge and belief, they are true, correct, and complete. Declaration of preparer (other than taxpayer) is based on all information of which preparer has any knowledge. | | | | | | |
| Sign Here Joint return? See instructions. Keep a copy for your records. | | Your signature | Date | Your occupation | If the IRS sent you an Identity Protection PIN, enter it here (see inst.) | |
| | | | | | If the IRS sent you an Identity Protection PIN, enter it here (see inst.) | |
| Spouse's signature. If a joint return, both must sign. | | Date | Spouse's occupation | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| Preparer's name | | Preparer's signature | PTIN | Firm's EIN | Check if: <input type="checkbox"/> 3rd Party Designee <input type="checkbox"/> Self-employed | |
| Firm's name ► | | | | no. | | |
| Firm's address ► | | | | | | |
| Attach Form(s) W-2. Also attach Form(s) W-2G and 1099-R, if tax was withheld. | | 1 907 2a 3a 4a 5a 6 15,410 7 16,317 8 15,228 9 10 11 a Tax (see inst.) (check if any from: 1 <input type="checkbox"/> Form(s) 8814 2 <input type="checkbox"/> Form 4972 3 <input type="checkbox"/>) b Add any amount from Schedule 2 and check here ► <input type="checkbox"/> 12 a Child tax credit/credit for other dependents b Add any amount from Schedule 3 and check here ► <input type="checkbox"/> 13 Subtract line 12 from line 11. If zero or less, enter -0- 14 Other taxes. Attach Schedule 4. 15 Total tax. Add lines 13 and 14. 16 Federal income tax withheld from Forms W-2 and 1099 17 Refundable credits: a EIC (see inst.) 5,716 b sch 8812 1,909 c Form 8863 Add any amount from Schedule 5. 18 Add lines 16 and 17. These are your total payments. | | | | |
| | | 17 7,625 18 7,701 19 5,524 20a 5,524 b Routing number c Type: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Checking <input type="checkbox"/> Savings d Account number | | | | |
| Refund Direct deposit? See instructions. | | 19 If line 18 is more than line 15, subtract line 15 from line 18. This is the amount you overpaid. 20a Amount of line 19 you want refunded to you. If Form 8888 is attached, check here ► <input type="checkbox"/> b c d | | | | |
| Amount You Owe | | 21 Amount of line 19 you want applied to your 2019 estimated tax ► 21 22 Amount you owe. Subtract line 18 from line 15. For details on how to pay, see instructions ► 22 23 Estimated tax penalty (see instructions) ► 23 | | | | |

SUNTRUST BANK
PO BOX 305183
NASHVILLE TN 37230-5183

Page 1 of 2

SUNTRUST

Account Statement

Questions? Please call
1-800-786-8787

SunTrust Debit Card Controls are now available!
Enjoy enhanced card security by controlling how and where your card is used. Lock/unlock your card
by transaction type or manage your spending limits right from SunTrust Online or Mobile Banking.
Learn more at suntrust.com/cardcontrols.

| Account Summary | Account Type | Account Number | Statement Period | |
|--|-------------------|---|----------------------|------------------------|
| | EVERYDAY CHECKING | [REDACTED] | [REDACTED] | |
| Description | Amount | Description | Amount | |
| Beginning Balance | \$545.26 | Average Balance | \$344.68 | |
| Deposits/Credits | \$645.00 | Average Collected Balance | \$344.68 | |
| Checks | -5.00 | Number of Days in Statement Period | 32 | |
| Withdrawals/Debits | \$842.38 | | | |
| Ending Balance | \$347.88 | | | |
| Overdraft Protection | Account Number | Protected By | [REDACTED] | |
| | [REDACTED] | Not enrolled | [REDACTED] | |
| For more information about SunTrust's Overdraft Services, visit www.suntrust.com/overdraft . | | | | |
| Transaction History | | | Deposits/ Credits | Withdrawals/ Debits |
| Date | Check # | Transaction Description Details | | Current Balance |
| 04/20 | | Beginning Balance | | 545.26 |
| 04/22 | | Recurring Check Card Purchase TR DATE 04/22 Netflix Com Los Gatos [REDACTED] | 17.25 | |
| 04/22 | | Point of Sale Debit TR DATE 04/22 Lakeland Electric Lakeland [REDACTED] | 219.75 | 308.26 |
| 04/23 | | Check Card Purchase TR DATE 04/22 Charlie's Family Resta Lakeland - Fl | 30.10 | 278.16 |
| 04/29 | | Point of Sale Debit TR DATE 04/26 Family Fun Cente Lakeland [REDACTED] | 10.00 | |
| 04/29 | | Check Card Purchase TR DATE 04/26 Sosa Family Cigars COR,Lake Buena Vill | 27.16 | |
| 04/29 | | Point of Sale Debit TR DATE 04/27 7-Eleven Lakeland [REDACTED] | 30.00 | |
| 04/29 | | Check Card Purchase TR DATE 04/27 Crabbys Dockside Clearwater Bell | 50.90 | 160.10 |
| 04/30 | | Check Card Purchase TR DATE 04/30 Travelocity [REDACTED] www.Tvly.Com Wa | 137.89 | 22.21 |
| 05/08 | | Electronic/ACH Credit SSA Treas 310 Xxsot Sec [REDACTED] | 645.00 | 667.21 |
| 05/13 | | Recurring Check Card Purchase TR DATE 05/12 Cricket Wireless [REDACTED] | 80.00 | 587.21 |
| 05/17 | | Point of Sale Debit TR DATE 05/17 Rent-A-Center [REDACTED] | 167.98 | |

SUNTRUST BANK
PO BOX 305183
NASHVILLE TN 37230-5183

Page 2 of 2



Account Statement

Transaction History

| Date | Check # | Transaction Description Details | Deposits/ Credits | Withdrawals/ Debits | Current Balance |
|-------------------------|---------|---|----------------------|------------------------|--------------------|
| 05/17 | | Electronic/ACH Debit Planet Fit Club Fees [REDACTED] | | 21.35 | 397.88 |
| 05/21 | | Over-The-Counter Withdrawal | | 40.00 | |
| 05/21 | | Over-The-Counter Withdrawal | | 10.00 | 347.88 |
| 05/21 | | Ending Balance | | | 347.88 |
| Credit and Debit Totals | | | \$645.00 | \$842.38 | |

The Ending Daily Balances provided do not reflect pending transactions or holds that may have been outstanding when your transactions posted that day. If your available balance wasn't sufficient when transactions posted, fees may have been assessed. For more information, including details related to fees and balances, please sign on to Online Banking.

| Balance Activity History | Date | Balance | Collected Balance | Date | Balance | Collected Balance |
|--------------------------|-------|---------|-------------------|-------|---------|-------------------|
| | 04/20 | 545.26 | 545.26 | 05/08 | 667.21 | 667.21 |
| | 04/22 | 308.26 | 308.26 | 05/13 | 587.21 | 587.21 |
| | 04/23 | 278.16 | 278.16 | 05/17 | 397.88 | 397.88 |
| | 04/29 | 160.10 | 160.10 | 05/21 | 347.88 | 347.88 |
| | 04/30 | 22.21 | 22.21 | | | |

SunTrust is helping you take control of your personal data with credit and identity monitoring through IDNotify (T) by Experian (R). This premium experience is provided at no cost for SunTrust clients - just visit suntrust.com/IDNotify to enroll for free.

Paying for college? Know your options.
In addition to private student loans, SunTrust offers tools & resources to help you plan for college costs.
Visit suntrust.com/studentloans to learn more.

Patrocinador – bill mostrando su dirección fija



UTILITY BILLING

<http://www.ci.oxnard.ca.us>

305 W. Third Street, Oxnard, CA 93030-5790 • Phone (805) 485-7016

WATER REFUSE
SEWER

SERVICE ADDRESS 1234 MAIN STREET

| ACCOUNT # | CYCLE-ROUTE | 05-05 | BILLING DATE | 8/23/07 | PAST DUE ON | 9/13/07 |
|--|-------------|-------|--------------|---------|--------------------------|---------|
| "AUTO" 8-DIGIT 93030-1 PISI40348HA23-A-1 | | | | | Total Current Charges \$ | 114.04 |
| 170 1 AV 0312 | | | | | Balance Forward \$ | 0.00 |
| 1234 MAIN STREET | | | | | Total Amount Due \$ | 114.04 |

JOHN DOE
1234 MAIN STREET
OXNARD, CA 93030-1234

PAYMENT MUST BE RECEIVED
BY THE PAST DUE DATE OR A
10% PENALTY WILL BE ADDED

DETACH TURN OVER AND INCLUDE THIS STUB WITH PAYMENT

SERVICE ADDRESS 1234 MAIN STREET

| ACCOUNT # | CYCLE-ROUTE | 05-05 | BILLING DATE | 8/23/07 | PAST DUE ON | 9/13/07 |
|--|-------------|-------|--------------|---------------------|-------------|---------|
| | | | | Last Bill Amount \$ | 129.56 | |
| | | | | Payments | -129.56 | |
| | | | | Adjustments | 0.00 | |
| Last payment amount/date: \$129.56 8/16/07 | | | | Balance Forward \$ | 0.00 | |

| WA | Service Period | Days | Meter Number | Current Reading | Previous Reading | HCF Usage |
|-------------------------------------|----------------|---------|--------------|-----------------|------------------|-----------|
| WA | 7/17/07 | 8/14/07 | 28 | 123456987 | 553.70 | 532 |
| COMPARE YOUR USAGE FROM AUGUST 2006 | | | | | | |

* HCF (Hundred Cubic Feet) = 748.05 gallons

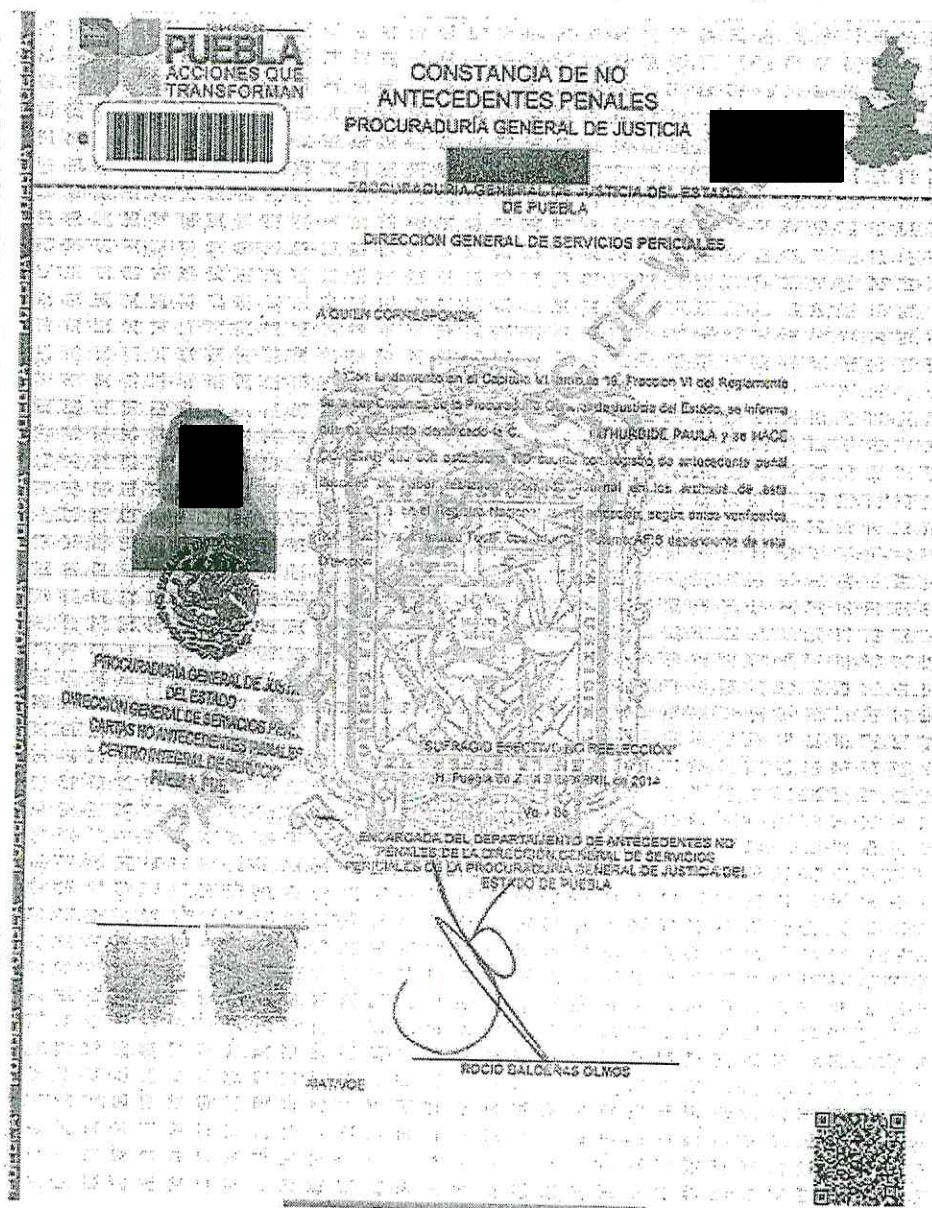
| Service | Consumption | Charge | Total |
|-----------------------|-----------------|--------------------------|--------|
| WA WATER-SINGLE 3/4" | 21.70 | \$3.82 | 53.82 |
| SW SEWER-SINGLE UNIT | 7/17/07 8/14/07 | 24.85 | 24.85 |
| EC EXTRA CONTAINER | 7/17/07 8/14/07 | 10.00 | 10.00 |
| RT RESIDENTIAL REFUSE | 7/17/07 8/14/07 | 25.37 | 25.37 |
| | | Total Current Charges \$ | 114.04 |
| | | Balance Forward \$ | 0.00 |
| | | Total Amount Due \$ | 114.04 |

Patrocinador – talón de cheque mostrando su estabilidad financiera

| Sample Company Name, Sample Company Address, 95220 | | | EARNINGS STATEMENT | | | |
|--|----------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|--|--|--|
| EMPLOYEE NAME | SOCIAL SEC.ID | EMPLOYEE ID | CHECK NO. | PAY PERIOD | PAY DATE | |
| INCOME | RATE | HOURS | CURRENT TOTAL | DEDUCTIONS | CURRENT TOTAL | YEAR-TO-DATE |
| GROSS WAGES | | 1,000.00 | | FICA MED TAX FICA SS TAX FED TAX CA ST TAX SDI | 14.50 62.00 159.50 44.26 10.00 | 72.50 310.00 797.48 221.31 50.00 |
| YTD GROSS 5,000.00 | YTD DEDCITIONS 1,451.28 | YTD NET PAY 3,548.72 | TOTAL 1,000.00 | DEDUCTIONS 290.26 | NET PAY 709.74 | |

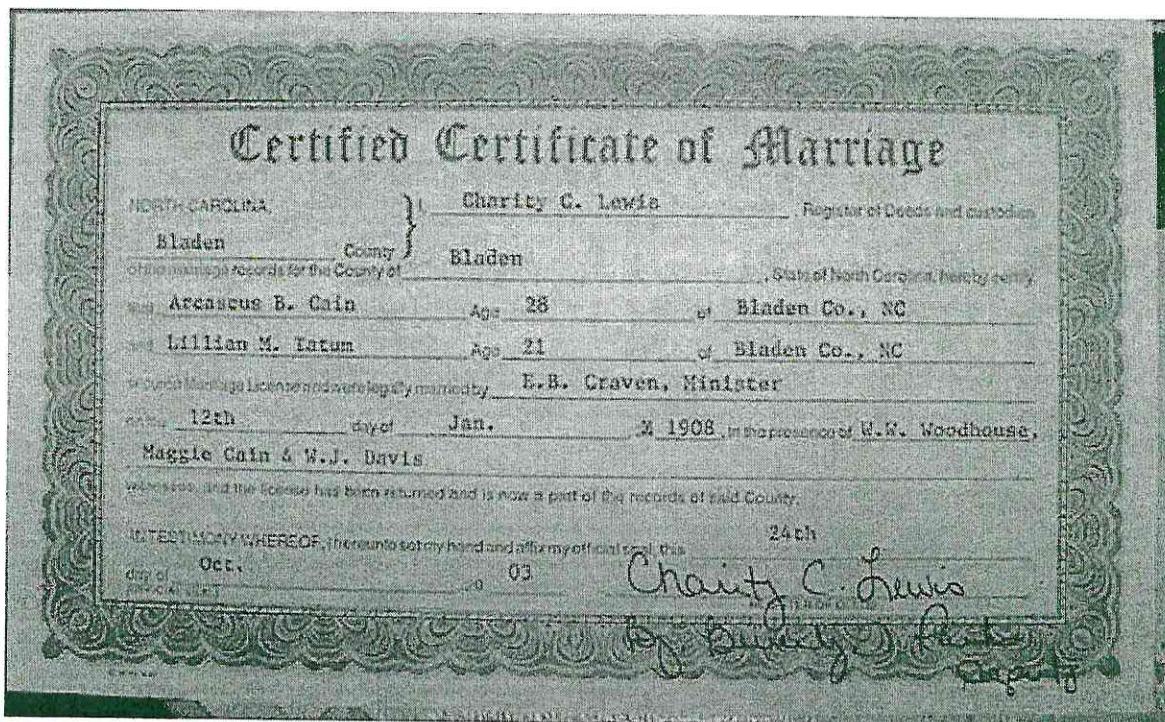
3. Not a danger to the community/ No es un peligro a la sociedad

Cliente – certificación de no antecedentes penales del país de origen



Other documents/Otros documentos

Cliente – certificado de matrimonio



Teacher de la escuela – carta de apoyo

[Teacher's name]

[Teacher's address]

[Date]

To Whom it May Concern:

I have had the pleasure of having [name of student] in my class for [weeks/months/years]. S/he was a standout individual and a hard worker. S/he is extremely well mannered, kind, and respectful. S/he is a student who gets her/his work done and is appreciative of the school system. It breaks my heart to see her/him hurting and sad, due to something happening at home. I cannot imagine what s/he is going through and obviously it has affected her/his personality some at school. It would be hard to focus when your mind is on if you are going to get to see your [name of family member] again. I would hate for this to negatively affect her/his education and innocent personality.

Having worked with children for over [weeks/months/years], I can tell how most children are raised. Being around [name of student] I can tell s/he has great, involved parents. S/he was taught to respect her/his teachers and peers and not to take her/his education for granted. S/he is always happy and smiling. S/he is a joy to be around. I have no doubt in my mind that [name of student] will be a contributing member of our workforce in the future.

In conclusion, [name of student] is being affected in all aspects of her/his life from her/his [name of family member] being detained by immigration. I love this kid and would hate for this tragedy to change who s/he is. It breaks my heart to see hear in her/his eyes. I hope in the future this family unit is reunited and is whole again.

Sincerely,

[Teacher's signature]

[Teacher's name]

Teacher de la escuela – identificación



A quien corresponda
Buenos Aires 15 de febrero de 2018

Por medio de la presente le ruego me permita recomendar a [REDACTED] a quien tengo 20 años de conocimiento cuando mi ex esposa Cunada.

Durante todo este tiempo, [REDACTED] ha demostrado ser una persona cabal, honesta y digna de toda mi confianza.

Hasta el dia de hoy ha sido una buena esposa para su esposo y buen padre para sus hijos responsable y respetuoso. Mantiene siempre una cercana cordialidad la familia practicando los Valores que se le han inculcado desde que era niño.

Atte.

Tele.

Cunada - carta de apoyo

Benson, NC. April 15, 2018

To Whom it May Concern

Through this document I would like to recommend [REDACTED], whom I have known for 20 years as he is my brother-in-law.

During all of this time, [REDACTED] has demonstrated himself to be an upright person, honestly deserving of all of my trust.

Up to this day he has been a good husband to his wife and a good father to his children; responsible and respectable. He has maintained a closeness to all of his family, practicing the values that were instilled in him since he was a child.

Attentively,

Telephone [REDACTED]

Cuñada - carta de apoyo traducida

I, Mary Flores, do hereby certify that I am qualified to translate between the Spanish and English languages, that I have read the attached document and that this is a true and correct translation of the original document from Spanish to English to the best of my abilities.

Mary Flores

Mary Flores

5/11/18

Date

certificado de traducción inglés-esp.

Aba Buenos Días.

Mi nombre es:

El motivo de esta carta es para preguntar
a mi hermano mayor ya que el tiene
que regresar nunca pense que se quedaría aquí
mucho tiempo.

Nosotros vivimos juntos ya que el
motivo que migramos hacia este país
fue que surgieron muchos problemas
en nuestro país extrañamos mucho
a nuestro hermano mayor.

El es un gran hermano. Siempre
nos apoya y estaba ahí cuando
nos lo necesitábamos y ahora
queremos apoyarlo en lo que podamos
por favor dejen que se quede.

A 17

Good afternoon,

My name is [REDACTED] (17 years old). The reason why I write this letter is to support my older brother because he continues to be locked-up. I never thought that he would remain there locked-up. The reason why we migrated to this country together was because there were several problems in our home country that emerged. We miss my older brother dearly. He is a great brother. He always supported us, and he was always there when we needed him the most. Now, we want to support him in any way that we can. Please let my brother stay.

Sincerely,

[REDACTED]

Hola [redacted]
Soy [redacted]
nosotros venimos juntos en el
camino y nunca esperamos que
se iba a quedar ensoradado
yo como lo extraño el me
cuidava pero nos vimos por
problemas que tuvieron el muchico
yo y espero que salga pronto
yo lo extraño soy el hermano
menor el me cuidava y yo
espero que se quede aky porque
yo como lo extraño por favor dejelo
que se quede aky soy el hermano
mas pequeño y el me cuidava
espero que salga rapido y nosotros
lo apoyamos a que valla a
Corte aky como nosotras somos
lo apoyamos a quelon rapido
por favor...)

Atte.

Y. [redacted]
Hermano [redacted]

[redacted] tiene 19 años

Good afternoon,

My name is [REDACTED] (13 years old). We came together, and we never thought that he would be (or stay?) locked-up. I miss my brother. He would take care of me. We came because of problems in our home country. I hope that he can be released fast. I miss him and I'm his younger brother. He would take care of me and I hope that he is able to stay here because I miss him so much. Please let him stay. I am his youngest brother and he would take care of me. I hope he can be released fast. We support him when he goes to court just like when we go. We support him, please let him out fast.

Sincerely,

[REDACTED]

I, Leonardo Hernandez Flores, do hereby certify that I am qualified to translate between the Spanish and English languages, that I have read the attached document and that this is a true and correct translation of the original document from Spanish to English to the best of my abilities.



Leonardo Hernandez Flores

Date

May 31, 2019

Catholic Church

NC

Phone: [REDACTED]

Fax: [REDACTED]

Email: [REDACTED]

April 5, 2018

Re: [REDACTED]

To Whom it may concern:

I am writing this letter of confirmation for Mr. [REDACTED]. Mr. [REDACTED] and his family are registered members of [REDACTED] Catholic Church in [REDACTED], North Carolina. The family has been registered at our Parish since April of 2010. The family regularly attends Sunday Mass and the children faithfully attend Religious Education Classes. We have never encountered any difficulties whatsoever with this family.

We are a part of the Diocese of [REDACTED], North Carolina.

Mr. [REDACTED] is the sole breadwinner for the family. In his absence the family has been struggling financially to pay bills and feed everyone.

I thank you for the support and acknowledgement that you can give this family for their immigration needs and I am grateful for your consideration.

Sincerely,

(Church Seal)

Carta de apoyo - Pastor de la iglesia



Behavioral Healthcare Services
Fostering Hope and Recovery

FELLOWSHIP
HEALTH
RESOURCES

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Regional Locations

- Delaware
- Maine
- Massachusetts
- North Carolina
- Pennsylvania
- Rhode Island
- Virginia

for the following behavioral health programs:
Community Treatment, Case Management and Referral, Case Management Services Coordination, Community Housing, Community Integration, Crisis Stabilization, Intensive Outpatient Treatment, Outpatient Treatment, Supported Living, and Respite Services.

North Carolina Region
Mary Ann Johnson, Regional Director
5509 Creedmoor Road
Raleigh, NC 27612
www.fhr.net
t: 919-573-6520 | f: 919-573-6555

June 5th, 2018

Monica Whatley
Legal Assistant
Southern Poverty Law Center

Dear Ms. Whatley:

Your client [REDACTED] is welcome to attend clinical counseling services for substance addiction at the Fellowship Health Resources (FHR) in Raleigh, NC. FHR offers intensive outpatient treatment services that require attendance 3 days per week, 3 hours per day. The location is 5509 Creedmoor Rd, Raleigh, NC 27612.

We look forward to meeting Mr. [REDACTED] and assisting him on along his recovery.

Sincerely,

Director of Addiction Services

Fellowship Health Resources, Inc
5509 Creedmoor Rd
Raleigh, NC 27612

Carta de Apoyo -
terapeuta

Carta de referencia – terapia



The Shore Grief Center

105 River Watch Lane
Youngsville, NC 27596
Phone: 919-366-6286

E-mail: Carolyn@theshoregriefcenter.org

May 24, 2018

Monica Whatley
Legal Assistant
Southern Poverty Law Center

Dear Ms. Whatley:

Per your phone call recently, The Shore Grief Center provides free peer-based grief support groups in various towns in North Carolina. You contacted me seeking information on the group located in Wilson NC.

Your client [REDACTED] is welcome to attend a grief support group in Wilson. It is a Bereaved Parents of the USA group and it meets on the 4th Monday monthly at 6:30 - 8:00 pm at West Nash United Methodist Church located at 2200 W. Nash St., Wilson, NC 27893.

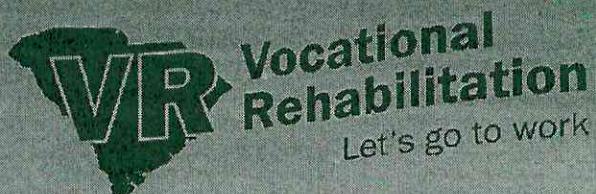
We look forward to meeting Mr. [REDACTED] and assist him on along his grief journey.

Sincerely,

Carolyn Zahnow
Founder and Executive Director
The Shore Grief Center

Carta de apoyo- terapeuta

Carta de referencia - rehab



06/19/2018

Cathy Lopez
[REDACTED]

Dear Ms. Lopez:

Thank you for your recent application to the South Carolina Vocational Rehabilitation Department. We are pleased to inform you that you are eligible for vocational rehabilitation services.

You can expect to hear from a SCVRD representative in the very near future to discuss our services. At the time of your next appointment, a detailed explanation regarding SCVRD assistance in obtaining/maintaining employment will be provided.

We look forward to working together to achieve your rehabilitative goals.

Sincerely,

Wanda Murray

Wanda Murray, COUNSELOR II
BERKELEY/DORCHESTER AREA OFFICE
2954 S LIVE OAK DR • MONCKS CORNER • SC 29461 • (843) 761-6036 • (843) 761-5819 FAX

Carta de apoyo - Rehabilitación



El Zócalo Immigrant Resource Center

Mailing Address: P.O. Box 250953

Little Rock, AR, 72225

Physical Address (by appointment only):

5500 Geyer Springs Rd.

Little Rock, AR, 72209

Phone: (501) 301-4652 (301-HOLA)

Email: team@zocalocenter.org

Website: <http://www.zocalocenter.org>

July 16, 2019

[REDACTED]
146 CCA Road
Lumpkin, GA 31815

Dear [REDACTED]:

El Zócalo Immigrant Resource Center is a 501(c)3 non-profit organization in Central Arkansas. Our mission is to promote a dignified life for immigrants in Arkansas by connecting individuals and families with services and fostering community-wide understanding through education. Poverty, language and cultural barriers often make it difficult for immigrants to navigate life in Arkansas. We take a culturally-informed approach, providing the support they need to help themselves.

We have been in contact with the Southern Poverty Law Center and are aware that Mr. [REDACTED] is seeking to move to the Little Rock area upon his release from Stewart Detention Center. Should he be released [REDACTED] from detention, we would be happy to help Mr. [REDACTED] with health and social support, English language instruction, and any basic needs that he may have. Our community is ready to assist him and we also provide case management services.

I look forward to hearing from and assisting Mr. [REDACTED]. If you have any questions, please feel free to contact me at [REDACTED]

Sincerely,

[REDACTED]

Carta de apoyo -
Centro de Recursos para Inmigrantes

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Benjamin Hernandez
Board Chair-elect

Trung Doan
Studio RED Architects
Immediate Past Chair

[REDACTED]
146 CCA Road
Lumpkin, GA 31815

Dear [REDACTED]

The Association for the Advancement of Mexican Americans (AAMA) is a 501(c)3 non-profit organization and our mission is to inspire and empower Latinos to pursue their potential and achieve success. In our Houston office, we provide supportive services to people living with HIV who are at risk of becoming homeless. We provide referrals to local housing providers and we help individuals navigate Houston's vast and complex medical landscape to find bilingual, bicultural providers who can best meet their needs, often at little to no cost.

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Luis Torres, Ph.D.
University of Houston

We have been in contact with the Southern Poverty Law Center and are aware that [REDACTED] is seeking to move to the Houston area upon his release from Stewart Detention Center. Should he be released [REDACTED] from detention, we would be happy to help Mr. [REDACTED] connect with medical providers in the area to treat [REDACTED], as well as housing and other social assistance that he may need.

Director Emeritus

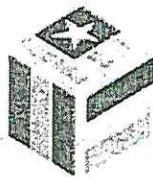
Maria (Cris) Garza ♀
Raul Dominguez ♀

I look forward to hearing from and assisting Mr. [REDACTED]. If you have any questions, please feel free to contact me at [REDACTED]

President and CEO

Joe Jimenez





ATLANTA TECHNICAL COLLEGE

Dear Graduation Candidate,

Congratulations on your achievement!!

The President, Faculty, Staff, Local and Foundation board would like to congratulate you on reaching this most awesome milestone in your life. We are pleased that you chose Atlanta Technical College as the institution to further your education, and we were delighted to share this day with you.

When your award is available you will be notified by mail with instructions outlining how to retrieve your certificate, diploma or degree. In the meantime you may contact the Registrar's Office @ [REDACTED], if you require a transcript.

Again, We extend sincere congratulations to you on your success!

Congratulations!!

Best Wishes,

Atlanta Technical College

Certificado de graduación

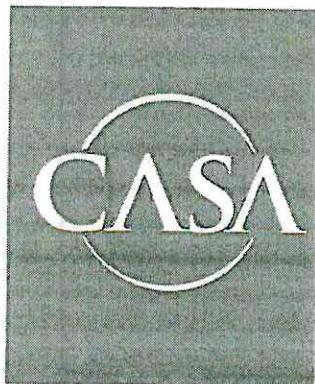
Student Affairs Division

1560 Metropolitan Parkway, SW

Atlanta, Georgia 30310-4446

t 404.225.4400

www.atlantatech.edu



Fuerte defensa a la deportacion

April 18, 2019

[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]

146 CCA Road
Lumpkin, GA 31815

Re: [REDACTED] A# [REDACTED]

Dear [REDACTED]

My name is Nicholas Katz, and I am the senior manager of legal services at CASA de Maryland, a 501(c)(3) nonprofit organization that provides services and advocates for the immigrant community in Maryland, Virginia and Pennsylvania.

I have been in contact with Matt Boles from the Southern Poverty Law Center's Southeast Immigrant Freedom Initiative (SIFI), who is working on Mr. [REDACTED] case. Should he be released from detention [REDACTED], our organization is willing to provide a consultation, and possible pro bono placement or referral on his merits case. While pro bono representation is never a guarantee, we feel confident we could help Mr. [REDACTED] connect with an attorney for either pro bono or low-bono legal services to assist with his merits claim.

I look forward to hearing from and assisting Mr. [REDACTED]. If you have any questions, please feel free to contact me at [REDACTED]

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "NCO".

Nicholas Katz
Senior Manager of Legal Services
CASA de Maryland

*Todos los miembros de la clase
de la demanda tienen marcadas
las siguientes cajas de
comprobacion **

DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

NOTICE TO APPEAR Aviso de comparecencia

In removal proceedings under section 240 of the Immigration and Nationality Act:

File No. [REDACTED]

In the Matter of: [REDACTED]

Respondent: [REDACTED]

currently residing at:

Tallahatchie County Correctional Facility, 415 U.S. Highway 49 N, Tutwiler, MS 38963
(Number, street, city and ZIP code)

(Area code and phone number)

- You are an arriving alien. * *Es un extranjero que llega*
- You are an alien present in the United States who has not been admitted or paroled. You are an applicant for admission.
- You have been admitted to the United States, but are removable for the reasons stated below.

The Department of Homeland Security alleges that:

- 1) You are not a citizen or national of the United States.
- 2) You are a native of Cuba and a citizen of Cuba;
- 3) You applied for admission at POE, Del Rio, TX on 01/13/2019;
- 4) You did not then possess or present a valid immigrant visa, reentry permit, border crossing identification card, or other valid entry document;

On the basis of the foregoing, it is charged that you are subject to removal from the United States pursuant to the following provision(s) of law:

Section 212(a)(7)(A)(I) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (Act), as amended, as an immigrant who, at the time of application for admission, is not in possession of a valid unexpired immigrant visa, reentry permit, border crossing card, or other valid entry document required by the Act, and a valid unexpired passport, or other suitable travel document, or document of identity and nationality as required under the regulations issued by the Attorney General under section 211(a) of the Act.

* *Este aviso se emite despues de un oficial de asilo encuentra que el demandado demuestre un miedo creible de persecucion o tortura.*

This notice is being issued after an asylum officer has found that the respondent has demonstrated a credible fear of persecution or torture.

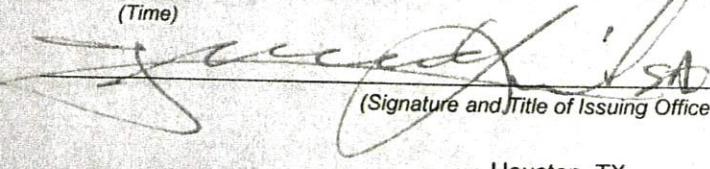
Section 235(b)(1) order was vacated pursuant to: 8CFR 208.30 8CFR 235.3(b)(5)(iv)

YOU ARE ORDERED to appear before an immigration judge of the United States Department of Justice at:

LaSalle Service Processing Center, 830 Pinehill Road, Jena, LA 71342

(Complete Address of Immigration Court, including Room Number, if any)

on TBD at TBD to show why you should not be removed from the United States based on the
(Date) (Time) charge(s) set forth above.


Francis W. Leigh
Supervisory Asylum Officer

(Signature and Title of Issuing Officer)

Date FEB 01 2019

Houston, TX

(City and State)

Notice to Respondent

Warning: Any statement you make may be used against you in removal proceedings.

Alien Registration: This copy of the Notice to Appear served upon you is evidence of your alien registration while you are under removal proceedings. You are required to carry it with you at all times.

Representation: If you so choose, you may be represented in this proceeding, at no expense to the Government, by an attorney or other individual authorized and qualified to represent persons before the Executive Office for Immigration Review, pursuant to 8 CFR 1003.16. Unless you so request, no hearing will be scheduled earlier than ten days from the date of this notice, to allow you sufficient time to secure counsel. A list of qualified attorneys and organizations who may be available to represent you at no cost will be provided with this notice.

Conduct of the hearing: At the time of your hearing, you should bring with you any affidavits or other documents, which you desire to have considered in connection with your case. If you wish to have the testimony of any witnesses considered, you should arrange to have such witnesses present at the hearing.

At your hearing you will be given the opportunity to admit or deny any or all of the allegations in the Notice to Appear and that you are inadmissible or removable on the charges contained in the Notice to Appear. You will have an opportunity to present evidence on your own behalf, to examine any evidence presented by the Government, to object, on proper legal grounds, to the receipt of evidence and to cross examine any witnesses presented by the Government. At the conclusion of your hearing, you have a right to appeal an adverse decision by the immigration judge.

You will be advised by the immigration judge before whom you appear of any relief from removal for which you may appear eligible including the privilege of departure voluntarily. You will be given a reasonable opportunity to make any such application to the immigration judge.

Failure to appear: You are required to provide the DHS, in writing, with your full mailing address and telephone number. You must notify the Immigration Court and the Department of Homeland Security immediately by using Form EOIR-33 whenever you change your address or telephone number during the course of this proceeding. You will be provided with a copy of this form. Notices of hearing will be mailed to this address. If you do not submit Form EOIR-33 and do not otherwise provide an address at which you may be reached during proceedings, then the Government shall not be required to provide you with written notice of your hearing. If you fail to attend the hearing at the time and place designated on this notice, or any date and time later directed by the Immigration Court, a removal order may be made by the immigration judge in your absence, and you may be arrested and detained by the DHS.

Mandatory Duty to Surrender for Removal: If you become subject to a final order of removal, you must surrender for removal to your local DHS office, listed on the Internet at <http://www.ice.gov/contact/ero>, as directed by DHS and required by statute and regulation. Immigration regulations at 8 CFR 1241.1 define when the removal order becomes administratively final. If you are granted voluntary departure and fail to depart the United States as required, fail to post a bond in connection with voluntary departure, or fail to comply with any other condition or term in connection with voluntary departure, you must surrender for removal on the next business day thereafter. If you do not surrender for removal as required, you will be ineligible for all forms of discretionary relief for as long as you remain in the United States and for ten years after departure or removal. This means you will be ineligible for asylum, cancellation of removal, voluntary departure, adjustment of status, change of nonimmigrant status, registry, and related waivers for this period. If you do not surrender for removal as required, you may also be criminally prosecuted under section 243 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (the Act).

U.S. Citizenship Claims: If you believe you are a United States citizen, please advise DHS by calling the ICE Law Enforcement Support Center toll free at (855)448-6903.

Request for Prompt Hearing

To expedite a determination in my case, I request this Notice to Appear be filed with the Executive Office of Immigration Review as soon as possible. I waive my right to a 10-day period prior to appearing before an immigration judge and request my hearing be scheduled.

Before: _____

(Signature of Respondent)

Date: _____

(Signature and Title of Immigration Officer)

Certificate of Service

This Notice To Appear was served on the respondent by me on FEB 09 2019, in the following manner and in compliance with section 239(a)(1) of the Act.

- In person by certified mail, returned receipt # _____ requested by regular mail
 Attached is a credible fear worksheet.
 Attached is a list of organization and attorneys which provide free legal services.

The alien was provided oral notice in the SP language of the time and place of his or her hearing and of the consequences of failure to appear as provided in section 240(b)(7) of the Act.

(Signature of Respondent if Personally Served)

(Signature and Title of Officer)

DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY
U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement

PAROLE ADVISAL AND SCHEDULING NOTIFICATION
Notificación de Parole (Libertad Condicional)

| | |
|--|-------------|
| Alien's Claimed Name(s) (including AKAs) _____ | A#(s) _____ |
| Detention Facility Name and Location <u>Tallahatchie Correctional Facility, TUTWILER, MS</u> | |
| Field Office <u>New Orleans</u> | |

NOTICE TO THE ALIEN

Because you have been determined to have a "credible fear" of persecution or torture, U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement (ICE) will consider whether to parole you from custody pending the resolution of your immigration proceedings. As an Asylum Officer may have already explained to you, ICE may grant you parole if you can establish to ICE's satisfaction: (1) your identity; (2) that you are likely to appear for all scheduled hearings and enforcement appointments (including for removal from the United States if you are ordered removed); and (3) that you do not present a security risk to the United States or a danger to the community.

1) Documents that May Prove Identity Documentos que quizás prueban la identidad

- Passport
 - o Your *original*, valid passport OR
 - o Copy of your passport AND one or more of the other identity documents listed here
- National ID Card
 - o Your *original*, valid national ID card OR
 - o Copy of your national ID card AND one or more of the other identity documents listed here
- Birth Certificate
 - o Your *original* birth certificate AND one or more of the other identity documents listed here
 - o Copy of your birth certificate AND one or more of the other identity documents listed here
- Affidavit (Letter) from a Person Who Can Confirm Your Identity
 - o Must include your full name, your date of birth, your nine-digit A-number, and your country of origin
 - o Must be signed by a lawful permanent resident (green card holder) or citizen of the United States of America and include a copy of the person's passport or green card
 - o Must include the person's full name and her/his address and phone number(s)
 - o Must state how and for how long he or she has known you

2) Documents that May Prove that You are Not a Flight Risk Documentos que quizás prueban que no es riesgo de fuga

- Affidavit (Letter) from a Person or Community Organization Who Will Support You
 - o Must include your full name, your date of birth, your nine-digit A-number, and your country of origin
 - o Must include the person's/organization's full name and her/his address and phone number(s)
 - o Must be signed by a lawful permanent resident (green card holder) or citizen of the United States of America and include a copy of the person's passport or green card
 - o Must state that you will reside at the address listed and that the person/organization is willing to support you – for example, provide you housing and food – while you are in immigration proceedings
 - o Must include a copy of a utility or telephone bill, with the person's/organization's name and current address matching the address of residence included in the affidavit
 - o Can include details of any other ties that you have to where you will live (family, friends, etc.)
- In addition to the Affidavit of Sponsorship, you may also submit
 - o Letters from others in the community where you will live, showing their support. Note: must include the writer's name, address, contact information, and immigration status.
 - o Documentation of any legal, medical or social services you will receive upon release

Documentos que *quizás* prueban que no es

3) Documents that May Prove that Your are Not a Danger to the Community

peligro a la comunidad

- Evidence of acquittal or dismissal of any criminal charges
- Certificates for rehabilitation classes or evidence of other positive accomplishments (completion of a degree or training, long-term employment, volunteer activities, activities with your place of worship)
- Affidavit attesting to your rehabilitation
 - o Must include your full name, your date of birth, your nine-digit A-number, and your country of origin
 - o Must be signed by a lawful permanent resident (green card holder) or citizen of the United States of America and include a copy of her/his passport or green card
 - o Must include the person's full name and her/his address and phone number(s)
 - o Must state how and for how long he or she has known you
 - o Must explain why she/he believes that you have been rehabilitated

If you would like ICE to consider any documents as part of its assessment whether to parole you from detention, you must provide those documents as soon as possible to allow ICE sufficient time to review the documents thoroughly before your interview. You may also request additional time to obtain documents for ICE's consideration, but should make that request as soon as possible.

ICE has scheduled you for an interview to assess whether you meet these qualifications. That interview will take place at the time and place indicated below.

Your parole interview has been scheduled with an ICE officer at the following date and time:

Su entrevista de parole esta agendada con un oficial de ICE en la fecha y a la hora siguiente:

08/16/2018 @ 5:00 PM
(Month, Day, Year) (Time - Indicate "a.m." or "p.m.")
Hora - Indica "a.m" o "p.m."

Mes, Dia, Año

Please provide any paperwork you would like considered (or any request for additional time to gather paperwork)
no later than

Por favor provea cualquier documento que quiere que consideremos (o cualquier solicitud por tiempo adicional para colectar sus documentos) antes de

08/16/2018, to:
(Month, Day, Year)

JAMES SHEFFIELD
Officer Name 415 U.S. HIGHWAY 49 N TUTWILER, MS 38963
Address/City/State/Zip
+1 (662) 345-6567
Office Telephone Number +1 (662) 345-8527
Fax

(ICE Detention and Removal Operations Field Office Personnel: Indicate Manner in Which Alien Should Provide Documentation)

Following your interview, you will be notified in writing of ICE's decision, usually within 7 days. If your request is denied, you will receive a written explanation of the denial.

Después de la entrevista, le notificarán por escrito de la decisión de ICE, usualmente dentro de 7 días. Si su solicitud esta denegada, recibirá una explicación escrita de la negación.

PROOF OF SERVICE

Firma de la persona pidiendo el asilo:

Asylum Seeker's Signature: _____

Date: 08/16/2018

ICE Officer's Name: _____

Language Used: _____ Interpreter Number (if applicable): _____

Idioma usado: _____

Ejemplo de preguntas de la entrevista de parole

Sample Parole Interview Questions

1. **Do you have a sponsor? (Yes or No)** ¿Usted tiene un patrocinador? Escriba nombre, dirección y teléfono de su patrocinador (Sí o No)
2. **What is their relation to you? (Name, address, phone number)** ¿Cuál es su relación familiar con su patrocinador? (Nombre, dirección, número de teléfono)
3. **Will you be living with your sponsor? (Yes or No)** ¿Usted vivirá con su patrocinador? (Sí o No)
4. **If not, where will you be residing and their relation to you? (Name, address, phone number)** Si no ¿con quién vivirá en los Estados Unidos? ¿Y cuál es su relación con la persona con quien vivirá? (Nombre, dirección, número de teléfono)
5. **Do you have close family ties living in the United States? Describe: (mother, father, number of children; USC or LPR)** ¿Tiene familia cercana en los Estados Unidos? Descripción: (¿madres, padre, hijos? ¿Ciudadanos o residentes permanentes?)
6. **If your parole is granted, do you have travel arrangements? Si le conceden libertad condicional, ¿puede usted o su familia pagar por su viaje a la dirección de su patrocinador?**
7. **Do you have sufficient funds for any form of transportation/food? (Taxi, bus fare or plane ticket)** ¿Usted tiene suficientes fondos/dinero para pagar su transportación y su comida? (taxi, pasaje en autobús, pasaje en avión)
8. **Do you have any community ties or non-governmental sponsors? Describe: (church, rehabilitation programs)** ¿Usted tiene algún vínculo con alguna comunidad o una entidad no relacionada con el gobierno? Descripción: (Un iglesia o programa de rehabilitación)
9. **Have you ever been convicted of a crime? Describe: (only answer Yes or No)** ¿Usted tiene antecedentes penales, alguna condena criminal o arresto? Descripción: (Solo conteste Sí o No)
10. **Do you have a valid, government-issued documentation of identity? Tiene algún document de identificación emitido por algun gobierno?**
11. **In the absence of government-issued documentation of identity, are there any third-party affidavits from affiants, who are themselves able to establish their own identity and address, that support the validity of the individual's claimed identity?** ¿Si usted no tiene algún documento de identificación, tiene alguna persona que pueda establecer su identidad por medio de una declaración jurada?
12. **Is there anything you want to add? Usted quiere añadir alguna otra información?**